Scientists Develop High-Safety and Scalable Micro-Batteries

research group led by Prof. WU Zhongshuai from the CAS Dalian Institute of Chemical Physics (DICP), developed the rechargeable aqueous planar $Zn//MnO_2$ micro-batteries fabricated by low-cost, highly efficient, scalable screen printing technique.

The rapid development of the new-generation miniaturized and wearable electronics has stimulated the demand for the corresponding miniature energy storage devices. The planar micro-batteries, which overcome the shortcomings of the traditional stacked geometry, such as large volume, poor mechanical flexibility, and easy separation of the interface under bending state, are a promising candidate for flexible electronics.

In order to address the safety issues, scientists are developing high-safety aqueous electrolytes to replace flammable organic electrolytes, and constructing highsafety aqueous planar micro-batteries.

Due to the abundance of their electrode materials, $Zn//MnO_2$ micro-batteries have attracted many attentions. However, there is still a lack of simple, efficient and large-scale microfabrication technique for fabricating aqueous planar $Zn//MnO_2$ micro-batteries.

In this work, thixotropic ink was firstly configured with manganese dioxide, zinc powder and graphene as active materials, to produce the positive, negative electrodes and the current collector of Zn//MnO₂ batteries, respectively. Then, multi-step screen printing method was adopted to realize the simple and low-cost preparation of planar Zn//MnO₂ micro-batteries.

The researchers found that the prepared $Zn//MnO_2$ batteries showed not only environmental friendliness and high safety, but also exceptional durability, with a capacity of 83.9% for 1300 cycles at current density of



Fabrication of Zn//MnO_2 planar micro-batteries that can be printed to various surfaces. (Image by WANG Xiao and HOU Xiaocheng)

5 C, and good mechanical flexibility and performance uniformity.

In addition, the variety of printing substrates could meet the needs of different application scenarios. As screen printing is a mature technology in industry, this work would be highly promising for cost-efficient and large-scale preparation of planar Zn//MnO₂ batteries, and offered new insights for the development of other planar flexible energy storage devices, and the research and application of graphene.

The above work was published in *National Science Review*. Meanwhile, it was highlighted by Prof. Sang-Young Lee's study entitled "Scalable and safer, printed $Zn//MnO_2$ planar micro-batteries for smart electronics" in the same volume.

This work was supported by National Natural Science Foundation of China, National Key R&D Program of China, Dalian National Laboratory for Clean Energy (DNL), CAS, *etc.*

(DICP)

Reference:

Xiao Wang et al., Scalable Fabrication of Printed Zn//Mno₂ Planar Micro-Batteries with High Volumetric Energy Density and Exceptional Safety. National Science Review, (Published: June 11, 2019). doi: 10.1093/nsr/nwz070.